

## Assignment C-1

Estimate the determinants of the change in total population in US counties over 2010-2023. Your sample consists of [one hundred counties](#).

1. First, run linear regressions for the two models below.

$$\text{I. } \hat{y} = b_0 + b_1x_1 + b_2x_2 + b_3x_3 + b_4x_4$$

$$\text{II. } \hat{y} = b_0 + b_1x_1 + b_2x_2 + b_3x_3 + b_4x_4 + b_5x_5 + b_6x_6 + b_7x_7$$

### **Dependent variables:**

The dependent variable is county growth in total population from 2010 to

2023. In the models, the dependent variable is  $\frac{2023 \text{ total pop.} - 2010 \text{ total pop.}}{2010 \text{ total pop.}}$ .

### **Independent variables:**

$x_1 = 1$  if total 2010 county population is greater than 100,000  
= 0 otherwise

$x_2$  - mean winter temperature within the state.

$x_3$  – percent of adults over the age of 25 within the county with at least a Bachelor's degree in 2010.

$x_4$  – percent of county residents age 50 and over in 2010.

$x_5, x_6, x_7$  represent dummy variables indicating the [Census Region](#) the county is in.

Use the [US Census](#) to construct the population, education and age variables.

2. Turn in your SAS regression output as well as the constructed variables used to run the regressions. Also turn in your SAS programs.

3. Write a short paper interpreting the results, addressing the following points.
  - A. Justify the models. What effect do you expect each of the independent variables to have on the dependent variable? (Your expectations may differ from the estimated relationships).
  - B. Discuss your results. Do your results correspond with the expectations discussed in part A? Which results are statistically significant?
  - C. In what way do the relationships estimated in model I change when the regional dummy variables are added in model II?
  - D. Which results do you find most surprising? Explain.